

MiniONE/Mini Classic Button Giving Medicines & Maintenance



Giving Medicine into The MiniONE® / Mini Classic Balloon Button

Always check and see if you have received the correct form of medication. Medications can be given through the Balloon Button in liquid form. If prescribed medication is only available as a tablet or capsule, check with a pharmacist or doctor to see if it is safe to crush the medicine. If safe, medication should be crushed as fine as possible (into powder form) and dissolved in water before administering through the device. Do not crush enteric coated medicine.

Medications should be given through the med-port of your y-port extension set (if you are unsure which port is the med-port, please note that the med-port is smaller than the feed port and labeled as "MED"). Flush with water after giving medications (3-10 ml for children, 10-50 ml for adults, or with an amount recommended by your healthcare provider).

To more easily administer medications, AMT offers a 2" bolus medication set with straight connector (order# 8-0211) as well as a 2" y-port medication set with straight connector (order# 8-0212).

Medicine may also be administered directly into the MiniONE® Glow Green™ feeding port (interlock) using the slip tip syringe that comes in the G-Tube kit.

- Mix the medicine with a little water and draw back the mixture into the slip tip syringe (only do this if your doctor/pharmacist has told you it is safe to mix the medicine with water).
- Put the syringe directly into the MiniONE® Glow Green™ feeding port (interlock).
- When you are done giving the medication, flush the port with water (3-10 ml for children, 10-50 ml for adults, or amount recommended by your healthcare professional).

Maintenance:

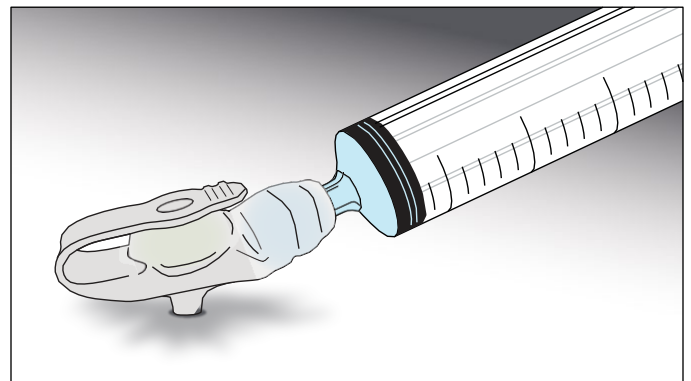
Routine maintenance includes tasks such as checking the balloon volume, stoma site care, device replacement, and more!

Checking the Balloon Volume

Check the balloon fill volume as recommended by your healthcare professional.

Remove all water from the balloon by inserting a small syringe into the balloon fill port and drawing back on the plunger (5 ml syringe for 12F-14F devices, 10 ml syringe for 16F-24F devices). The balloon fill port on 12-14F MiniONE® Balloon Buttons is compatible with both Luer (slip tip) and Luer lock syringes; the balloon fill port on 16-24F devices is compatible with a slip tip syringe.

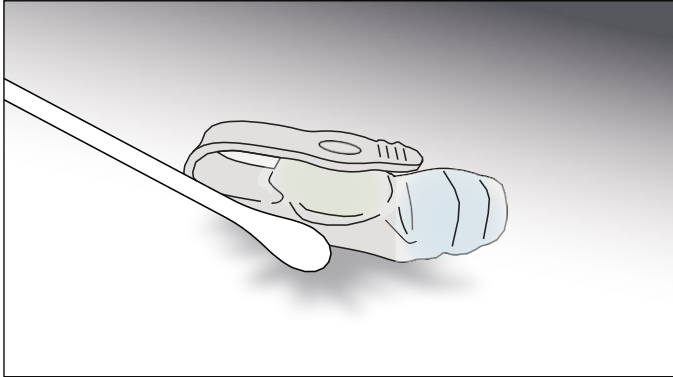
- If the water volume is at the prescribed amount: push the plunger to return the water into the balloon; disconnect the syringe.
- If the water volume is less than the prescribed amount or if the water appears dirty: discard the water that was removed from the device. Draw the prescribed amount of water into the syringe from a container of fresh water. Reconnect the syringe to the balloon fill port and push the plunger to refill the balloon with water.



Balloon Button Fill Volume Table			
Fr.	Min.	Rec.	Max
12F	2 ml	2.5 ml	3 ml
14F	3 ml	4 ml	5 ml
16F	4 ml	6 ml	8 ml
18F	6 ml	8 ml	10 ml
20F	7 ml	10 ml	15 ml
24F	7 ml	10 ml	15 ml

Stoma Site, General Care

Cleaning: The stoma site should be kept clean and dry at all times. It is important to clean the stoma site every day. A cotton swab or terry cloth can be used to clean the skin around the G-Tube with mild soap and water. Clean the stoma as directed by a healthcare provider.



- After Cleaning: allow the stoma site to air dry.
- Always check the stoma site for redness, pain/soreness, swelling, or any drainage. If these symptoms are observed, contact a healthcare provider.
- It is not necessary to use gauze or pads at the stoma site. If there is leaking, the G-Tube may be too loose or too tight.

Circulation: Once the stoma site is fully healed, turn/rotate the MiniONE® / Mini Classic every day, stopping at a different position each time. Rotating the external bolster of the MiniONE® / Mini Classic promotes a healthy stoma by allowing air to get to the skin.

Bath Time: Patients fitted with a G-Tube are allowed to bathe and swim. Be sure to close the safety plug before submerging the device in water. Bath time is a good opportunity for regular cleaning of the G-Tube and stoma site.

WHEN TO CALL A HEALTHCARE PROFESSIONAL

- Fever, vomiting, or diarrhea
- Skin around the stoma site is red, discolored, or raw
- Drainage around the stoma site is white, yellow, or green
- Drainage around the stoma site is discolored and has an unpleasant odor
- Crusting at the stoma site
- Large amount of tissue builds up, such as granulation tissue
Swollen skin or tissue at the stoma site
- Repetitive leakage of food, or gastric contents
- Leakage, the device may be too loose or too tight (stoma length may need to be re-measured)
- Possible tube migration:
 - Low profile device: External bolster is no longer flush against the skin. Look for either a distinct indentation at the stoma site or a distinct gap between the device and skin.
- The G-tube falls out, and you are unable to replace it easily
- Pain at the stoma site
- Bleeding, pus, or inflammation at the stoma site
- Distended stomach, a possible indication of gastric or intestinal blockage



For a complete list of products, visit us at <https://www.kebomed.co.uk/products/amt-enteral-devices/>

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